According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name	: AeroShell Oil W80 Plus
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Product code : 001B3353

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Manufacturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Products US PO Box 4427
	Houston TX 77210-4427 USA
SDS Request Customer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7285 :

Emergency telephone number

Spill Information	:	877-242-7400
Health Information	:	877-504-9351

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	:	Mineral lubricating oil for aircraft piston engines., For further details consult the AeroShell Book on www.shell.com/aviation.
Restrictions on use	:	This product must be used, handled and applied in accord- ance with the requirements of the equipment manufacturer's manuals, bulletins and other documentation.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	 Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature :	:	Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
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Hazardous components

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES			
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.	
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.	
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special	:	Treat symptomatically.	

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

treatment needed

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	:	For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Recommended storage tem- perature	:	-50 - 50 °C
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able fraction)	-	

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		 General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

: No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.

In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precau-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version 13.1	Revision Date: 06/27/2019	SDS Number: 800001001480	Print Date: 04/29/2023 Date of last issue: 05/03/2019
		If engineerin tions to a lev select respira cific conditio Check with r Where air-fil priate combi Select a filte	be taken to avoid breathing of material. g controls do not maintain airborne concentra- rel which is adequate to protect worker health, atory protection equipment suitable for the spe- ns of use and meeting relevant legislation. espiratory protective equipment suppliers. tering respirators are suitable, select an appro- nation of mask and filter. r suitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point F)].
	I protection emarks	gloves appro US: F739) m suitable cher gloves Suita usage, e.g. f sistance of g glove supplie Personal hyg Gloves must gloves, hand cation of a m For continuo through time 480 minutes short-term/s recognize th may not be a time maybe and replacer a good predi dependent o Glove thickn	contact with the product may occur the use of oved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, nade from the following materials may provide mical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber bility and durability of a glove is dependent on requency and duration of contact, chemical re- love material, dexterity. Always seek advice from ers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. giene is a key element of effective hand care. only be worn on clean hands. After using ls should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- on-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. us contact we recommend gloves with break- of more than 240 minutes with preference for > where suitable gloves can be identified. For olash protection we recommend the same but at suitable gloves offering this level of protection available and in this case a lower breakthrough acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance nent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not ctor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is n the exact composition of the glove material. ess should be typically greater than 0.35 mm n the glove make and model.
Еуе р	protection		handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, vewear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	work clothes	on is not ordinarily required beyond standard actice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ective measures		tective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- onal standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therr	mal hazards	: Not applicab	le

Environmental exposure controls

General advice

: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of rele-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

vant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances

must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-30 °C / -22 °F Method: ASTM D97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	260 °C / 500 °F
		Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)
		estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)
Relative density	:	0.891 (15 °C / 59 °F)
Density	:	891.0 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D4052

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Vers 13.1		Revision Date: 06/27/2019		S Number: 0001001480	Print Date: 04/29/2023 Date of last issue: 05/03/2019
	Solubili Wat	ity(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	ubility in other solvents	:	Data not available	e
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- l/water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not available	e
	Viscosi Visc	ty cosity, dynamic	:	Data not availabl	e
	Viso	cosity, kinematic	:	113 mm2/s (40.0	°C / 104.0 °F)
				Method: ASTM D	445
				14 mm2/s (100 °	C / 212 °F)
				Method: ASTM D	445
	Explosi	ive properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	Data not available	e
	Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	•	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	8	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

IARC	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Basis for assessment : Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). Ecotoxicity Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici-Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l ty) Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Acute Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l toxicity) Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxicity to algae (Acute tox-2 icity) Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-Remarks: Data not available • icity) Remarks: Data not available Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms Remarks: Data not available • (Acute toxicity) Persistence and degradability **Product:** Biodegradability Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. : Major constituents are inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version 13.1	Revision Date: 06/27/2019	SDS Number: 800001001480	Print Date: 04/29/2023 Date of last issue: 05/03/2019
Bioa	ccumulative potential		
Prod	uct:		
Bioad	cumulation	: Remarks: Co cumulate.	ontains components with the potential to bioac-
Mobi	lity in soil		
Prod	uct:		
Mobil	ity		quid under most environmental conditions. il, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be
		Remarks: Flo	oats on water.
Othe	r adverse effects		
Prod	uct:		
	Additional ecological infor- : mation	ozone creati Product is a	ve ozone depletion potential, photochemical on potential or global warming potential. mixture of non-volatile components, which will not to air in any significant quantities under normal
		Poorly solub Causes phys	le mixture. sical fouling of aquatic organisms.
			oes not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- entrations less than 1 mg/l.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth- ods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging :	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 **AeroShell Oil W80 Plus**

AeroShell Oli W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

Local legislation Remarks

: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	No SARA Hazards
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Residual Oils (Petroleum) Solvent Dewaxed	64742-62-7

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Residual Oils (Petroleum) Solvent Dewaxed	64742-62-7

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA		All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1		USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites. The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this document can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019
		Carriage of Dat AICS = Austral ASTM = Ameria BEL = Biologica BTEX = Benze CAS = Chemic CEFIC = Europ CLP = Classific COC = Clevela DIN = Deutsche DMEL = Derive DNEL = Derive DSL = Canada EC = Europear EC50 = Effectiv ECETOC = Europ EINECS = The Chemical Subs EL50 = Effectiv ENCS = Japan Inventory EWC = Europe GHS = Globally Labelling of Ch IARC = Internat IC50 = Inhibitor IL50 = Inhibitor IMDG = Internat INV = Chinese IP346 = Institu determination of KECI = Korea I LC50 = Lethal I LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal I MARPOL = Inter Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect L OE_HPV = Occ PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Regi Chemicals RID = Regulatin gerous Goods	es Institut fur Normung ed Minimal Effect Level d No Effect Level Domestic Substance List o Commission /e Concentration fifty ropean Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- ls ean Chemicals Agency European Inventory of Existing Commercial tances e Loading fifty ese Existing and New Chemical Substances an Waste Code / Harmonised System of Classification and emicals tional Agency for Research on Cancer tional Agency for Research on Cancer tional Agency for Research on Cancer tional Air Transport Association ry Concentration fifty y Level fifty ational Maritime Dangerous Goods Chemicals Inventory te of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables Existing Chemicals Inventory Concentration fifty Dose fifty per cent. hal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading Loading fifty ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

AeroShell Oil W80 Plus

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/29/2023
13.1	06/27/2019	800001001480	Date of last issue: 05/03/2019

STEL = Short term exposure limit
TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment
TSCA = US Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA = Time-Weighted Average
vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

No Exposure Scenario annex is attached to this safety data sheet as it is a non-classified mixture containing no hazardous substances.

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	06/27/2019

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN